

## ASSIGNMENT 5

Tutorial session August 29th — not for assessment

1. Consider the “Cubic #3” map

$$f(x) = x(1 - p + px^2), \quad 0 \leq r \leq 4.$$

It has bifurcations at  $p = 2$  and  $p = 3$ .

- (i) Show that the first bifurcation is period doubling. Specifically, show that the loss of stability is because  $f'(x^*)$  passes through the value  $-1$ .
- (ii) Show that the second bifurcation is not period doubling. Specifically, show that  $f'_2(x^*_\pm)$  passes through the value  $+1$ . (You will need to obtain a formula for  $x^*_\pm$  in order to evaluate  $f'_2(x^*_\pm)$ .)
- (iii) Check these findings using *Chaos for Java*.

2. Consider the “Cubic #1” map

$$f(x) = 27rx^2(1 - x)/16, \quad (0 \leq r \leq 4)$$

- (i) By examining the Lyapunov exponents using *Chaos for Java*, locate the values  $\bar{r}_0, \dots, \bar{r}_4$  for the superstable orbits of period  $2^0, \dots, 2^4$ , to three decimal places. For example, one sees that  $\bar{r}_2$  (the position of the superstable period-4 orbit)  $\approx 3.445$ .
- (ii) By examining graphs of composition maps, refine your estimates of these values to 8 decimal places. For example, to get a more accurate value for  $\bar{r}_2$ , we examine one of the fixed points of  $f_4$ , and adjust the value of  $r$  to make the derivative at the fixed point very small. Since  $f'_4(x^*)$  is positive when  $r = 3.445331130$  and negative when  $r = 3.445331135$ , this gives  $\bar{r}_2 \approx 3.44533113$  to 8 decimal places.
- (iii) Use your values of  $\bar{r}_n$  to estimate the Feigenbaum universal constant  $\delta$ , and also the critical value  $r_\infty$  at which the period doubling cascade ends (as per the lecture notes).
- (iv) The maximum point  $x_{\max} = 2/3$  of  $f(x)$  should be one of the superstable orbits. Use the above values of  $\bar{r}_n$  to accurately estimate the corresponding  $d_n$  values for  $n = 1, \dots, 4$  (recall that  $d_n$  is the distance between  $x_{\max}$  and the closest member of the  $2^n$  cycle). For example, you should see that  $d_1 = 0.1558 \dots$ .
- (v) Use your values of  $d_n$  to estimate the Feigenbaum constant  $\alpha$ .
- (vi) Should we have expected the same values of  $\delta$  and  $\alpha$  as for the logistic map?

